December 2019 report



System overview

Key workers compensation system statistics for the 12 months ending December 2019





of reported wages are safeguarded by the workers compensation scheme¹



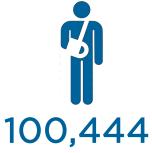
\$3.8B

representing 1.4% of reported NSW wages¹



\$3.2B

was paid out as costs for workers claims



claims were reported to SIRA



workers received weekly benefit payments

Coronavirus (COVID-19) claims

SIRA is now reporting claim volumes for COVID-19 Use this link to access this information

Effectiveness

System effectiveness in protecting workers and getting workers back to work and wellbeing

6

Reportable claims





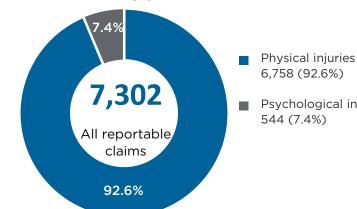


7,302

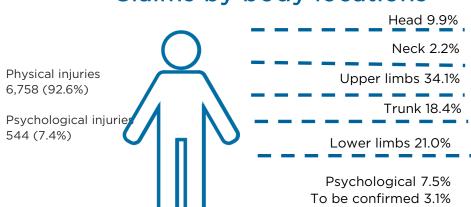
8,905

7,026

Claim types



Claims by body locations



For the 2018/19 financial year

92.6%

Multiple locations 2.8%
Systemic locations 1.1%

For more information, including an accessible version and data tables, visit https://www.sira.nsw.gov.au/corporate-information/workers-compensation-reports SIRA published the Review and associated documents in December 2019 and the reports are available here

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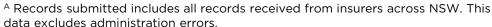
Effectiveness

Workers' claims journey results at December 2019



Monthly average over the last 12 months



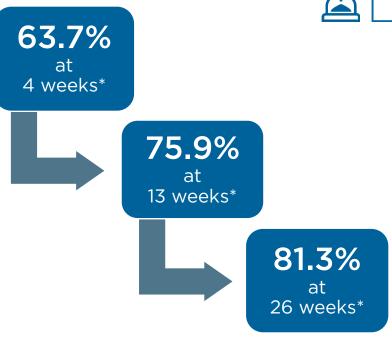


^T Lost time is based on workers receiving weekly benefits.

Return to work







Note: SIRA identified data quality issues with the accuracy and completeness of return to work data submitted by the Nominal Insurer (NI). The data appears to indicate a significant deterioration in the NI's RTW performance. SIRA instructed the NI to improve the quality of the data. To address both the data quality and performance concerns with the NI, SIRA carried out a data quality audit in December 2018 and completed a Compliance and Performance Review in December 2019

[^] Figure is based on a 12 month average.

^{*} Based on a rolling 12 month cohort, for further details see the Explanatory Note.

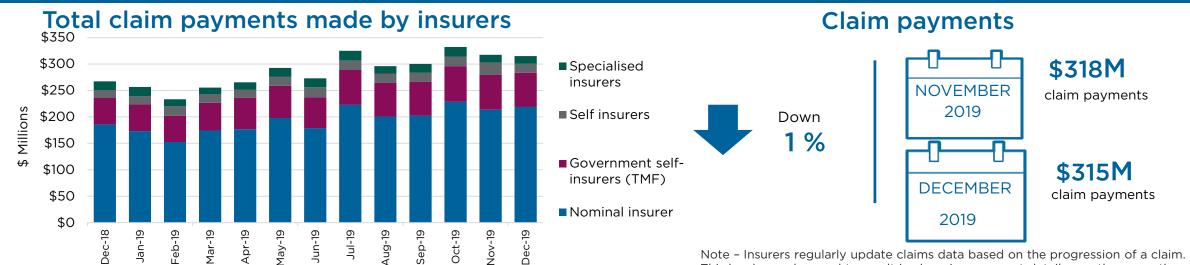
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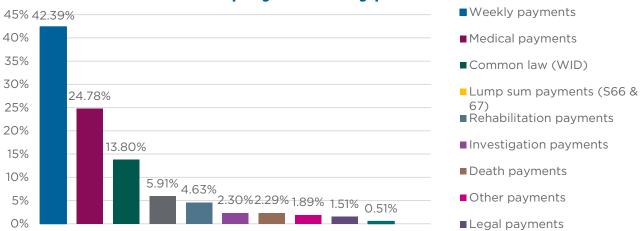
Efficiency & viability

Efficient system delivery, sustainability, and viability of the system for generations to come





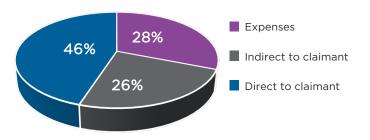
Claim payment types



Benefits paid to and for workers

as a percentage of total claims expenditure (2018/19)

This has been observed to result in changing payment details month on month.



Note: The benefits paid to and for workers is calculated annually. Details of definitions can be found in the methodology and data section. Insurers reported this data to SIRA at the end of the 2018/19 financial year.

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Customer experience & equity

Customers' experience with the system is positive and equitable



Enquiries and complaints



Note: These are the complaints and enquiries numbers received by SIRA and WIRO. Complaint data (which may include the name of an insurer) is derived from verbatim reports from customers. While SIRA does some data cleansing, the reporting is verbatim from customers and might occasionally reference an incorrect insurer and/or insurer type.



Disputes lodged

0.5% of active claims

Perceived justice of the compensation process

Insurer type	Procedural Justice Average (mean) on a 5-point scale	Informational Justice Average (mean) on a 5-point scale	Interpersonal Justice Average (mean) on a 5-point scale	
Nominal Insurer	4.0	3.9	4.3	
Self and Specialised	3.9	3.9	4.3	
Treasury Managed Fund	4.0	3.7	4.4	

Definitions of dimensions used to measure customers perception of equity and perceived justice:

- Procedural justice, about the fairness of the procedures used to determine the outcomes.
- Informational justice, is about receiving accurate and timely information about the rationale for decisions.
- Interpersonal justice, relates to whether workers were treated with respect and sensitivity.

Source: Abridged Return to Work Outcomes Survey: NSW Workers Compensation System (October 2019).

Affordability
Insurance affordability



In December 2019 there were 101,991 active claims and 556 disputes

Note: Including internal reviews and disputes from the NSW Workers Compensation Commission.

1.4%

Affordability of insurance as a percentage of reported NSW wages for 2018/19

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NSW workers compensation insurer scorecard

Information about the performance of insurers operating within the workers compensation system



	% share of reported wages FY 2017/18	% share of total claims FY 2017/18	% share of total payments made	% share of total active claims	% of injury notifications actioned within 7 days	% of Level 1 complaints to active claims	RTW rate 4 weeks	RTW rate 13 weeks	RTW rate 26 weeks
Nominal insurer	74%	67%	70%	67%	98.8%	0.07%	61%	73%	79%
Government self insurer (TMF)	13%	16%	21%	19%	99.3%	0.08%	70%	82%	87%
Specialised Insurers	6%	8%	5%	6%	95.8%	0.00%	72%	83%	86%
Self insurers	7%	9%	5%	7%	96.3%	0.16%	70%	79%	83%

Note: insurers reported this data to SIRA as at December, 2019

Disclaimer: Note: SIRA identified data quality issues with the accuracy and completeness of return to work data submitted by the Nominal Insurer (NI). The data appears to indicate a significant deterioration in the NI's RTW performance. SIRA instructed the NI to improve the quality of the data. To address both the data quality and performance concerns with the NI, SIRA carried out a data quality audit in December 2018 and completed a Compliance and Performance Review in December 2019

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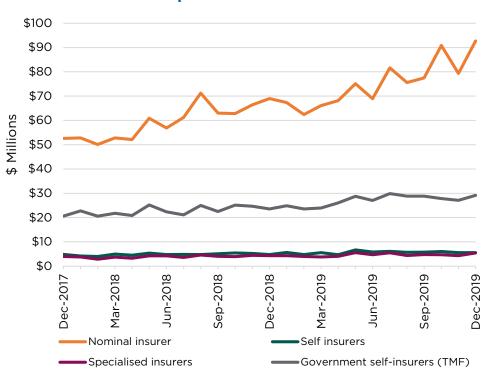


Additional system performance measures

Information about insurers performance within the workers compensation system

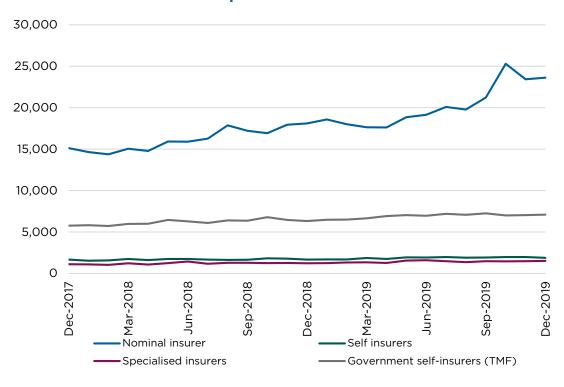


Cost to the system for weekly benefits paid per month



Note: to ensure consistency across the time series, the chart excludes Section 39 claimants that exited the system up to June 2018.

Number of workers receiving weekly benefits per month



Note: to ensure consistency across the time series, the chart excludes Section 39 claimants that exited the system up to June 2018.

The chart shows the distinct number of workers receiving weekly benefits per month.

Note: SIRA has identified deterioration in NI RTW performance. In December 2018 SIRA conducted a data quality audit and completed a Compliance and Performance Review.

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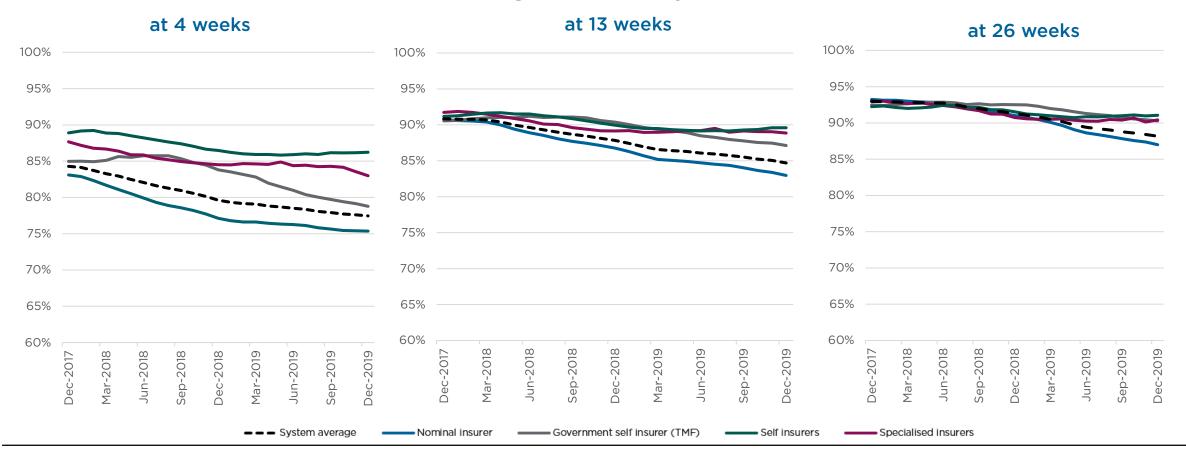


Additional system performance measures

Information about the performance of insurers operating within the workers compensation system



RTW including medical only claimants rate



Note: The percentage of workers at work at 4, 13, and 26 weeks is a variation of the RTW work measure reported on pages 2 and 5 of the dashboard. This measure includes medical only claims where the worker did not leave work

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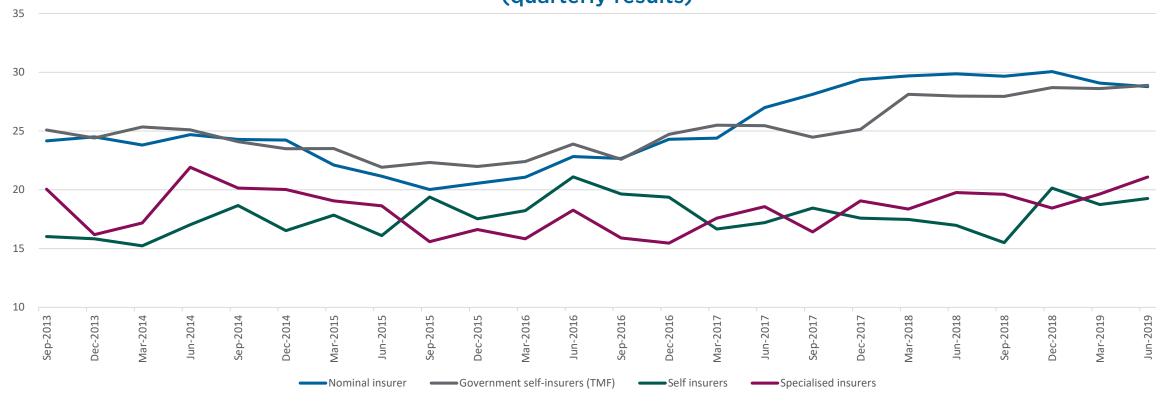


Additional system performance measures

Information about the performance of insurers operating within the workers compensation system



Average number of days weekly benefits are paid in the first 6 months (quarterly results)



Note: This chart shows the average number of days of weekly benefits paid to injured workers in the first 6 months of their claim. This measure uses work hours lost and injury quarter to calculate average days. This measure requires claim journey and data development

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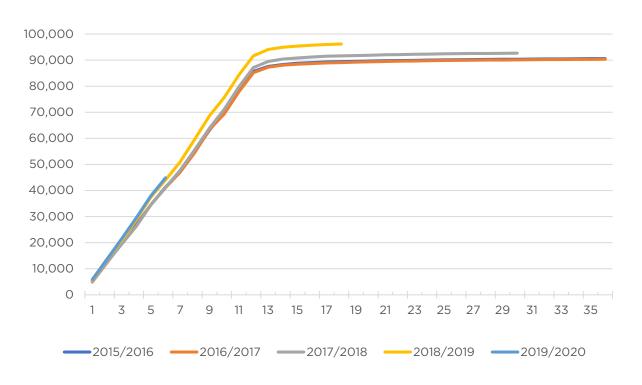


Additional system performance measures

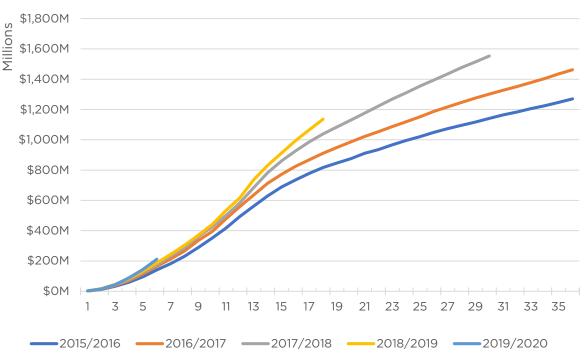
Monitoring claim and payment development in the workers compensation system



Reportable claims development



Reportable claims payment development



Note: The reportable claims development chart shows the development of reportable claims by injury/accident financial year.